# GRI Standards / United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles Comparison Table

• Please refer to the "SASB Standards Comparison Table".

Statement of use;	Fujitsu Ltd. has reported in accordance with the GRI Standards for the period from 1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025.
GRI 1 used;	GRI 1: Foundation 2021

GR	l Standards Indicator (*: Core performance indicator)	References UNGC principle	
GRI 2:	GRI 2 : General Disclosures 2021		
1. The	organization and its reporting practices		
2-1	Organizational details a. report its legal name; b. report its nature of ownership and legal form; c. report the location of its headquarters; d. report its countries of operation.	<ul> <li>◆ Corporate Governance</li> <li>◆ Fujitsu Group Profile         【Reference】WEB         (Worldwide)     </li> </ul>	
2-2	Entities included in the organization's sustainability reporting  a. list all its entities included in its sustainability reporting;  b. if the organization has audited consolidated financial statements or financial information filed on public record, specify the differences between the list of entities included in its financial reporting and the list included in its sustainability reporting;  c. if the organization consists of multiple entities, explain the approach used for consolidating the information, including:  i. whether the approach involves adjustments to information for minority interests;  ii. how the approach takes into account mergers, acquisitions, and disposal of entities or parts of entities;  iii. whether and how the approach differs across the disclosures in this Standard and across material topics.	◆ Sustainability Information Disclosure Framework	
2-3	<ul> <li>Reporting period, frequency and contact point</li> <li>a. specify the reporting period for, and the frequency of, its sustainability reporting;</li> <li>b. specify the reporting period for its financial reporting and, if it does not align with the period for its sustainability reporting, explain the reason for this;</li> <li>c. report the publication date of the report or reported information;</li> </ul>	◆ Sustainability Information Disclosure Framework	

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	d. specify the contact point for questions about the report or reported information.			
2-4	Restatements of information  a. report restatements of information made from previous reporting periods and explain:  i. the reasons for the restatements;  ii. the effect of the restatements.	*	Social and Governance Data Sustainability Information Disclosure Framework	-
2-5	<ul> <li>External assurance</li> <li>a. describe its policy and practice for seeking external assurance, including whether and how the highest governance body and senior executives are involved;</li> <li>b. if the organization's sustainability reporting has been externally assured: <ol> <li>i. provide a link or reference to the external assurance report(s) or assurance statement(s);</li> <li>ii. describe what has been assured and on what basis, including the assurance standards used, the level of assurance obtained, and any limitations of the assurance process;</li> <li>iii. describe the relationship between the organization and the assurance provider.</li> </ol> </li></ul>	•	Independent Assurance Report	
2. Activ	ities and workers			
2-6	Activities, value chain and other business relationships a. report the sector(s) in which it is active; b. describe its value chain, including: i. the organization's activities, products, services, and markets served; ii. the organization's supply chain; iii. the entities downstream from the organization and their activities; c. report other relevant business relationships; d. describe significant changes in 2-6-a, 2-6-b, and 2-6-c compared to the previous reporting period.	•	Fujitsu Group Profile	
2-7	Employees a. report the total number of employees, and a breakdown of this total by gender and by region; b. report the total number of: i. permanent employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; ii. ii. temporary employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; iii. iii. non-guaranteed hours employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; iv. iv. full-time employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; v. v. part-time employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; c. describe the methodologies and assumptions used to compile the data, including whether the numbers are reported: i. in head count, full-time equivalent (FTE), or using another methodology;	•	Social and Governance Data	

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	ii. at the end of the reporting period, as an average across the reporting period, or using another methodology;	
	d. report contextual information necessary to understand the data reported under 2-7-a and 2-7-b;	
	e. describe significant fluctuations in the number of employees during the reporting period and between reporting periods.	
	Workers who are not employees	
2-8	<ul> <li>a. report the total number of workers who are not employees and whose work is controlled by the organization and describe: <ol> <li>i. the most common types of worker and their contractual relationship with the organization;</li> <li>ii. the type of work they perform;</li> <li>b. describe the methodologies and assumptions used to compile the data, including whether the number of workers who are not employees is reported: <ol> <li>i. in head count, full-time equivalent (FTE), or</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	◆ Social and Governance  Data
	using another methodology;  ii. at the end of the reporting period, as an average across the reporting period, or using another methodology;  c. describe significant fluctuations in the number of workers who are not employees during the reporting period and between reporting periods.	
3. Gove	ernance	
2-9	Governance structure and composition  a. describe its governance structure, including committees of the highest governance body;  b. list the committees of the highest governance body that are responsible for decision making on and overseeing the management of the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people;  c. describe the composition of the highest governance body and its committees by:  i. executive and non-executive members;  ii. independence;  iii. tenure of members on the governance body;  iv. number of other significant positions and commitments held by each member, and the nature of the commitments;  v. gender;  vi. under-represented social groups;  vii. competencies relevant to the impacts of the organization;  viii. stakeholder representation.	◆ Corporate Governance Report

2-10	Nomination and selection of the highest governance body  a. describe the nomination and selection processes for the highest governance body and its committees;  b. describe the criteria used for nominating and selecting highest governance body members, including whether and how the following are taken into consideration:  i. views of stakeholders (including shareholders);  ii. diversity;  iii. independence;  iv. competencies relevant to the impacts of the organization.	◆ Corporate Governance Report
2-11	<ul> <li>Chair of the highest governance body</li> <li>a. report whether the chair of the highest governance body is also a senior executive in the organization;</li> <li>b. if the chair is also a senior executive, explain their function within the organization's management, the reasons for this arrangement, and how conflicts of interest are prevented and mitigated.</li> </ul>	◆ Corporate Governance Report
2-12	Role of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of impacts  a. describe the role of the highest governance body and of senior executives in developing, approving, and updating the organization's purpose, value or mission statements, strategies, policies, and goals related to sustainable development;  b. describe the role of the highest governance body in overseeing the organization's due diligence and other processes to identify and manage the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including:  i. whether and how the highest governance body engages with stakeholders to support these processes;  ii. how the highest governance body considers the outcomes of these processes;  c. describe the role of the highest governance body in reviewing the effectiveness of the organization's processes as described in 2-12-b, and report the frequency of this review.	◆ Corporate Governance Report
2-13	Delegation of responsibility for managing impacts  a. describe how the highest governance body delegates responsibility for managing the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including:  i. whether it has appointed any senior executives with responsibility for the management of impacts;  ii. whether it has delegated responsibility for the management of impacts to other employees;	◆ Sustainability  Management in the  Fujitsu Group

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	<ul> <li>describe the process and frequency for senior executives or other employees to report back to the highest governance body on the management of the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people.</li> </ul>	
2-14	Role of the highest governance body in sustainability reporting  a. report whether the highest governance body is responsible for reviewing and approving the reported information, including the organization's material topics, and if so, describe the process for reviewing and approving the information;  b. if the highest governance body is not responsible for reviewing and approving the reported information, including the organization's material topics, explain the reason for this.	<ul> <li>Corporate Governance         Report         Sustainability         Management in the         Fujitsu Group</li> </ul>
2-15	<ul> <li>Conflicts of interest</li> <li>a. describe the processes for the highest governance body to ensure that conflicts of interest are prevented and mitigated;</li> <li>b. report whether conflicts of interest are disclosed to stakeholders, including, at a minimum, conflicts of interest relating to: <ol> <li>i. cross-board membership;</li> <li>ii. cross-shareholding with suppliers and other stakeholders;</li> <li>iii. existence of controlling shareholders;</li> <li>iv. related parties, their relationships, transactions, and outstanding balances.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	◆ Corporate Governance Report
2-16	Communication of critical concerns  a. describe whether and how critical concerns are communicated to the highest governance body;  b. report the total number and the nature of critical concerns that were communicated to the highest governance body during the reporting period.	◆ Corporate Governance Report
2-17	a. report measures taken to advance the collective knowledge, skills, and experience of the highest governance body on sustainable development.	◆ Corporate Governance Report
2-18	<ul> <li>Evaluation of the performance of the highest governance body</li> <li>a. describe the processes for evaluating the performance of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people;</li> <li>b. report whether the evaluations are independent or not, and the frequency of the evaluations;</li> <li>c. describe actions taken in response to the evaluations, including changes to the composition of the highest governance body and organizational practices.</li> </ul>	◆ Corporate Governance Report

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2-19	Remuneration policies  a. describe the remuneration policies for members of the highest governance body and senior executives, including:  i. fixed pay and variable pay;  ii. sign-on bonuses or recruitment incentive payments;  iii. termination payments;  iv. clawbacks;  v. retirement benefits;  b. describe how the remuneration policies for members of the highest governance body and senior executives relate to their objectives and performance in relation to the management of the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people.	• Corporate Governance Report
2-20	Process to determine remuneration  a. describe the process for designing its remuneration policies and for determining remuneration, including:  i. whether independent highest governance body members or an independent remuneration committee oversees the process for determining remuneration;  ii. how the views of stakeholders (including shareholders) regarding remuneration are sought and taken into consideration;  iii. whether remuneration consultants are involved in determining remuneration and, if so, whether they are independent of the organization, its highest governance body and senior executives;  b. report the results of votes of stakeholders (including shareholders) on remuneration policies and proposals, if applicable.	• Corporate Governance Report
2-21	Annual total compensation ratio  a. report the ratio of the annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual to the median annual total compensation for all employees(excluding the highest-paid individual);  b. report the ratio of the percentage increase in annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual to the median percentage increase in annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual);  c. report contextual information necessary to understand the data and how the data has been compiled.	◆ Securities Report (Japanese only)
4. Strategy, policies and practices		
2-22	Statement on sustainable development strategy  a. report a statement from the highest governance body or most senior executive of the  b. organization about the relevance of sustainable development to the organization and its	<ul> <li>Message from the CEO</li> <li>Sustainability         Management in the         Fujitsu Group     </li> </ul>

	c. strategy for contributing to sustainable	
	development.	
2-23	Policy commitments  a. describe its policy commitments for responsible business conduct, including:  i. the authoritative intergovernmental instruments that the commitments reference;  ii. whether the commitments stipulate conducting due diligence;  iii. whether the commitments stipulate applying the precautionary principle;  iv. whether the commitments stipulate respecting human rights;  b. describe its specific policy commitment to respect human rights, including:  i. the internationally recognized human rights that the commitment covers;  ii. the categories of stakeholders, including at-risk or vulnerable groups, that the organization gives particular attention to in the commitment;  c. provide links to the policy commitments if publicly available, or, if the policy commitments are not publicly available, explain the reason for this;  d. report the level at which each of the policy commitments was approved within the organization, including whether this is the most senior level;  e. report the extent to which the policy commitments apply to the organization's activities and to its business relationships;  f. describe how the policy commitments are communicated to workers, business partners, and other relevant parties.	<ul> <li>◆ Sustainability         Management in the         Fujitsu Group</li> <li>◆ Fujitsu Group Human         Rights Statement</li> </ul>
2-24	<ul> <li>Embedding policy commitments</li> <li>a. describe how it embeds each of its policy commitments for responsible business conduct throughout its activities and business relationships, including: <ol> <li>how it allocates responsibility to implement the commitments across different levels within the organization;</li> <li>how it integrates the commitments into organizational strategies, operational policies, and operational procedures;</li> <li>how it implements its commitments with and through its business relationships;</li> <li>training that the organization provides on implementing the commitments.</li> </ol> </li></ul>	◆ Supply Chain
2-25	Processes to remediate negative impacts  a. describe its commitments to provide for or cooperate in the remediation of negative impacts that the organization identifies it has caused or contributed to;	◆ Compliance

	<ul> <li>describe its approach to identify and address grievances, including the grievance mechanisms that the organization has established or participates in;</li> </ul>	
	c. describe other processes by which the organization provides for or cooperates in the remediation of negative impacts that it identifies it has caused or contributed to;	
	<ul> <li>d. describe how the stakeholders who are the intended users of the grievance mechanisms are involved in the design, review, operation, and improvement of these mechanisms;</li> </ul>	
	e. describe how the organization tracks the effectiveness of the grievance mechanisms and other remediation processes, and report examples of their effectiveness, including stakeholder feedback.	
2-26	Mechanisms for seeking advice and raising concerns  a. describe the mechanisms for individuals to:  i. seek advice on implementing the organization's policies and practices for responsible business conduct;  ii. raise concerns about the organization's business conduct.	◆ Compliance
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	Compliance with laws and regulations  a. report the total number of significant instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations during the reporting period, and a breakdown of this total by:	
	<ul> <li>i. instances for which fines were incurred;</li> <li>ii. instances for which non-monetary sanctions were incurred;</li> </ul>	
2-27	<ul> <li>b. report the total number and the monetary value of fines for instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations that were paid during the reporting period, and a breakdown of this total by: <ol> <li>i. fines for instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that occurred in the current reporting period;</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	◆ Compliance
	<ul> <li>ii. fines for instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that occurred in previous reporting periods;</li> <li>c. describe the significant instances of non-</li> </ul>	
	compliance; d. describe how it has determined significant	
	instances of non-compliance.	
	Membership associations	
2-28	<ul> <li>report industry associations, other membership associations, and national or international advocacy organizations in which it participates in a significant role.</li> </ul>	◆ <u>United Nations Global</u> <u>Compact</u>

5. Stake	eholder engagement	
2-29	Approach to stakeholder engagement  a. describe its approach to engaging with stakeholders, including:  i. the categories of stakeholders it engages with, and how they are identified;  ii. the purpose of the stakeholder engagement;  iii. how the organization seeks to ensure meaningful engagement with stakeholders.	<ul> <li>◆ Sustainability         Management in the         Fujitsu Group         ◆ Stakeholder Engagement         ◆ Diversity, Equity &amp;</li></ul>
2-30	Collective bargaining agreements  a. report the percentage of total employees covered by collective bargaining agreements;  b. for employees not covered by collective bargaining agreements, report whether the organization determines their working conditions and terms of employment based on collective bargaining agreements that cover its other employees or based on collective bargaining agreements from other organizations.	◆ <u>Social Well-being</u> 1,9

GRI 3: Mat	GRI 3: Material Topics 2021		
3-1	Process to determine material topics  a. describe the process it has followed to determine its material topics, including:  i. how it has identified actual and potential, negative and positive impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including impacts on their human rights, across its activities and business relationships;  ii. how it has prioritized the impacts for reporting based on their significance;  b. specify the stakeholders and experts whose views have informed the process of determining its material topics.	◆ <u>Materiality</u>	
3-2	List of material topics  a. list its material topics;  b. report changes to the list of material topics compared to the previous reporting period.	◆ <u>Materiality</u>	
3-3	<ul> <li>Management of material topics</li> <li>a. describe the actual and potential, negative and positive impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including impacts on their human rights;</li> <li>b. report whether the organization is involved with the negative impacts through its activities or as a result of its business relationships, and describe the activities or business relationships;</li> <li>c. describe its policies or commitments regarding the material topic;</li> <li>d. describe actions taken to manage the topic and related impacts, including:</li> </ul>	◆ <u>Materiality</u>	

	i. actions to prevent or mitigate potential negative impacts;
	ii. actions to address actual negative impacts,
	including actions to provide for or cooperate in their remediation;
	iii. actions to manage actual and potential positive impacts;
e.	report the following information about tracking the effectiveness of the actions taken:
	<ul> <li>i. processes used to track the effectiveness of the actions;</li> </ul>
	ii. goals, targets, and indicators used to evaluate progress;
	iii. the effectiveness of the actions, including progress toward the goals and targets;
	iv. lessons learned and how these have been incorporated into the organization's
	operational policies and procedures;
f.	describe how engagement with stakeholders has informed the actions taken (3-3-d) and how it has informed whether the actions have been effective (3-3-e).

GRI 101	: Biodiversity 2024	
101-1	Policies to halt and reverse biodiversity loss.  a. describe its policies or commitments to halt and reverse biodiversity loss, and how these are informed by the 2050 Goals and 2030 Targets in the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework;  b. report the extent to which these policies or commitments apply to the organization's activities and to its business relationships;  c. report the goals and targets to halt and reverse biodiversity loss, whether they are informed by scientific consensus, the base year, and the indicators used to evaluate progress.	<ul> <li>Living in Harmony with         Nature (Conservation of         Biodiversity)         Living in Harmony with         Nature (Conservation of         Biodiversity)     </li> <li>Response to</li> <li>Environmental Risks</li> </ul>
101-2	<ul> <li>Management of biodiversity impacts</li> <li>a. report how it applies the mitigation hierarchy by describing: <ol> <li>actions taken to avoid negative impacts on biodiversity;</li> <li>actions taken to minimize negative impacts on biodiversity that were not avoided;</li> <li>actions taken to restore and rehabilitate affected ecosystems, including the goals of the restoration and rehabilitation, and how stakeholders are engaged throughout the restoration and rehabilitation actions;</li> <li>actions taken to offset residual negative impacts on biodiversity;</li> <li>transformative actions taken and additional conservation actions taken;</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Living in Harmony with         Nature (Conservation of Biodiversity)     </li> <li>Living in Harmony with Nature (Conservation of Biodiversity)</li> </ul>

	h with reference to 101.2 a iii remark for each at	
	b. with reference to 101-2-a-iii, report for each site	
	with the most significant impacts on biodiversity:	
	<ul> <li>i. the size in hectares of the area under restoration or rehabilitation;</li> </ul>	
	ii. the size in hectares of the area restored or	
	rehabilitated;	
	c. with reference to 101-2-a-iv, report for each	
	offset:	
	i. the goals;	
	ii. the geographic location;	
	iii. whether and how principles of good offset	
	practices are met;	
	iv. whether and how the offset is certified or	
	verified by a third party;	
	d. list which of its sites with the most significant	
	impacts on biodiversity have a biodiversity	
	management plan and explain why the other sites do not have a management plan;	
	e. describe how it enhances synergies and reduces	
	trade-offs between actions taken to manage its	
	biodiversity and climate change impacts;	
	f. describe how it ensures that the actions taken to	
	manage its impacts on biodiversity avoid and	
	minimize negative impacts and maximize positive	
	impacts for stakeholders.	
	Access and benefit-sharing	
	a. describe the process to ensure compliance with	
	access and benefit-sharing regulations and	
101-3	measures; b. describe voluntary actions taken to advance	_
	access and benefit-sharing that are additional to	
	legal obligations or when there are no regulations	
	and measures.	
	Identification of biodiversity impacts	
	a. explain how it has determined which of its sites	◆ Living in Harmony with
101-4	and which products and services in its supply	Nature (Conservation of
	chain have the most significant actual and	Biodiversity)
	potential impacts on biodiversity.	•
	Locations with biodiversity impacts	
	a. report the location and size in hectares of its sites	
	with the most significant impacts on biodiversity; b. for each site reported under 101-5-a, report	
	b. for each site reported under 101-5-a, report whether it is in or near an ecologically sensitive	
	area, the distance to these areas, and whether	◆ <u>Living in Harmony with</u>
	these are:	Nature (Conservation of
101-5	i. areas of biodiversity importance;	Biodiversity)
101-5	ii. areas of high ecosystem integrity;	◆ Living in Harmony with
	iii. areas of rapid decline in ecosystem integrity;	Nature (Conservation of
	iv. areas of high physical water risks;	Biodiversity)
	v. areas important for the delivery of ecosystem	<u> Diodivorsity)</u>
	service benefits to Indigenous Peoples, local	
	communities, and other stakeholders;	
	c. report the activities that take place in each site reported under 101-5-a;	
	reported under 101-3-a,	

	d. report the products and services in its supply chain with the most significant impacts on biodiversity and the countries or jurisdictions where the activities associated with these products and services take place.	
101-6	Direct drivers of biodiversity loss a. for each site reported under 101-5-a where its activities lead or could lead to land and sea use change, report: i. the size in hectares of natural ecosystem converted since a cut-off or reference date, the cut-off date or reference date, and the type of ecosystem before and after conversion; ii. the size in hectares of land and sea converted from one intensively used or modified ecosystem to another during the reporting period, and the type of ecosystem before and after conversion; b. for each site reported under 101-5-a where its activities lead or could lead to the exploitation of natural resources, report: i. for each wild species harvested, the quantity, the type, and extinction risk; ii. water withdrawal and water consumption in megaliters; c. for each site reported under 101-5-a where its activities lead or could lead to pollution, report the quantity and the type of each pollutant generated; d. for each site reported under 101-5-a where its activities lead or could lead to the introduction of invasive alien species, describe how invasive alien species are or may be introduced; e. for each product and service in its supply chain reported under 101-6-a, 101-6-b, 101-6-c, and 101-6-d, with a breakdown by country or jurisdiction; f. report contextual information necessary to understand how the data has been compiled, including standards, methodologies, and assumptions used.	
101-7	Changes to the state of biodiversity  a. for each site reported under 101-5-a, report the following information on affected or potentially affected ecosystems:  i. the ecosystem type for the base year;  ii. the ecosystem size in hectares for the base year;  iii. the ecosystem condition for the base year and the current reporting period;  b. report contextual information necessary to understand how the data has been compiled, including standards, methodologies, and assumptions used.	

	Ecosystem services	
101-8	<ul> <li>a. for each site reported under 101-5-a, list the ecosystem services and beneficiaries affected or potentially affected by the organization's activities;</li> <li>b. explain how the ecosystem services and beneficiaries are or could be affected by the organization's activities.</li> </ul>	_
GRI 102:	Climate Change 2025	
102-1	Transition plan for climate change mitigation a. describe its transition plan, including policies and actions to mitigate climate change; b. describe how the transition plan aligns with the latest scientific evidence on the global effort needed to limit global warming to 1.5°C, including the source of the climate change-related scenarios used, and the methodologies and assumptions used to develop the transition plan; c. report the total expenditure incurred by the implementation of the transition plan as monetary value and percentage of the total expenditure incurred in the reporting period; d. report the governance bodies or individual roles responsible for overseeing and implementing the transition plan and their responsibilities; e. describe how the transition plan is embedded in its business strategy; f. report the targets to achieve the transition plan and progress toward them, including: i. GHG emissions reduction targets reported under Disclosure 102-4; ii. targets to phase out fossil fuels, the base year, and standards, methodologies, and assumptions used to set the targets; iii. other climate change mitigation targets, how these were set, what is covered, the base year, and their role within the transition plan; g. describe how the transition plan aligns with just transition principles and how engagement with stakeholders informs its development and implementation; h. describe the impacts on people and the environment from implementing the transition plan and the actions taken to manage them, including: i. workers, local communities, and Indigenous Peoples; ii. biodiversity; i. describe how its public policy activities, including lobbying activities, are consistent with the transition plan, why it does not exist, and describe the steps being taken to develop it and the expected time frame.	<ul> <li>◆ Response to         Environmental Risks</li> <li>◆ TCFD-Based Information         Disclosure</li> </ul>

	Climate change adaptation plan:	
	a. describe the impacts on people and the	
	environment associated with its climate change-	
	related risks and opportunities and how they were considered in the development of the	
	adaptation plan;	
	b. describe its adaptation plan, including:	
	i. policies and actions to adapt to climate	
	change;	
	ii. the source of the climate change-related	
	scenarios used, the temperature projection included in the scenarios, and the	
	methodologies and assumptions used to	
	develop the adaptation plan;	
	iii. the total expenditure incurred by the	
	implementation of the adaptation plan as	
	monetary value and percentage of the total expenditure incurred in the reporting period;	◆ Response to
	iv. the governance bodies or individual roles	Environmental Risks
102-2	responsible for overseeing and implementing	◆ TCFD-Based Information
	the adaptation plan and their responsibilities;	Disclosure
	v. the targets to achieve the adaptation plan and	
	progress toward them; vi. how the adaptation plan aligns with just	
	transition principles and how engagement	
	with stakeholders informs its development	
	and implementation;	
	c. describe the impacts on people and the environment from implementing the adaptation	
	plan and the actions taken to manage them,	
	including for:	
	i. workers, local communities, and Indigenous	
	Peoples; ii. biodiversity;	
	d. explain, in the absence of an adaptation plan,	
	why it does not exist, and describe the steps	
	being taken to develop it and the expected time	
	frame.	
	Just transition In the context of its transition or adaptation efforts,	
	the organization shall:	
	a. report the total number of new employees	
	recruited and a breakdown of this total by:	
	i. gender;	
	<ul><li>ii. employee type;</li><li>b. report the total number of employees whose</li></ul>	Social and Governance
102-3	b. report the total number of employees whose work was terminated and a breakdown of this	
	total by:	<u>Data</u>
	i. gender;	
	ii. employee type;	
	c. report the total number of redeployed employees and a breakdown of this total by:	
	i. gender;	
	ii. employee type;	
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	d report the total number of apple sees with	
	d. report the total number of employees who	
	received training for up- and re-skilling, and a	
	breakdown of this total by:	
	i. gender;	
	ii. employee type;	
	e. report the total number of new workers who are	
	not employees recruited and a breakdown of this	
	total by gender;	
	f. report the total number of workers who are not	
	employees whose work was terminated and a	
	breakdown of this total by gender;	
	g. report the total number and percentage of new	
	employees recruited whose basic pay is at or	
	above the cost-of-living estimate, and describe	
	actions taken or commitments made to address	
	any gaps between basic pay and the cost-of-	
	living estimate for workers reported under 102-3-	
	a and 102-3-e;	
	h. list the locations of operation where the	
	organization has impacts on local communities	
	and Indigenous Peoples;	
	i. report the percentage of locations of operation	
	listed under 102-3-h in which an agreement has	
	been reached with affected or potentially	
	affected local communities or Indigenous	
	Peoples to safeguard their interests;	
	j. report contextual information necessary to	
	understand the data reported under 102-3 and	
	describe the methodologies and assumptions	
	used to compile the data, including whether the	
	numbers are reported:	
	i. in head count, full-time equivalent (FTE), or	
	using another methodology;	
	ii. at the end of the reporting period, as an	
	average across the reporting period, or using	
	another methodology.	
	GHG emissions reduction targets and progress	
	a. report short-, medium-, and long-term gross	
	Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 GHG emissions	
	reduction targets in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	:
	and as a percentage of base year emissions,	
	where:	◆ The Fujitsu Group
	i. gross Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 GHG	<u>Environmental Vision</u>
	emissions reduction targets are reported	◆ <u>TCFD-Based Information</u>
102-4	separately or where Scope 1 and Scope 2	Disclosure
	GHG emissions are combined;	◆ Environemental Targets
	ii. gross Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions	
	reduction targets cover the total Scope 1 and	◆ Global Warming
	Scope 2 GHG emissions reported under	<u>Prevention</u>
	Disclosures 102-5 and 102-6;	
	iii. GHG removals, GHG trades, and avoided GHG	
	emissions are excluded;	
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	h for each areas CLIC amissions reduction to rest
	b. for each gross GHG emissions reduction target, report whether biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions are
	included in the target;
	c. for each gross Scope 2 GHG emissions reduction
	target, report whether the targets use the
	location-based or market-based method;
	d. for each gross Scope 3 GHG emissions reduction
	target, list the Scope 3 categories covered by the
	targets;
	e. for each gross GHG emissions reduction target,
	report the gases covered by the target;
	f. explain how the gross GHG emissions reduction
	targets align with the latest scientific evidence on
	the effort needed to limit global warming to
	1.5°C;
	g. describe its gross GHG emissions reduction
	target revision policy;
	h. for each gross GHG emissions reduction target,
	report the base year, including:
	i. the rationale for choosing it;
	ii. base year emissions in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub>
	equivalent;
	iii. the context for any significant changes in
	emissions that triggered recalculations of
	base year emissions;
	iv. the previously reported base year emissions, if
	base year emissions are recalculated;
	i. report the progress toward each gross GHG emissions reduction target using the inventory
	method, in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent, and as
	a percentage of a base year emissions;
	j. for each gross GHG emissions reduction target,
	explain how the progress toward the target was
	achieved and whether it is due to:
	i. reductions as a result of the organization's
	initiatives; or
	ii. other factors;
	k. report standards, methodologies, assumptions,
	and calculation tools used.
	Scope 1 GHG emissions
	a. report gross Scope 1 GHG emissions in metric
	tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent, and in the calculation
	i. include emissions of CO <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, HFCs,
	PFCs, SF <sub>6</sub> , and NF <sub>3</sub> .   ◆ Global Warming
100.5	ii. include biogenic non-CO <sub>2</sub> GHG emissions Prevention
102-5	produced by combustion or biodegradation of <u>Environmental</u>
	biomass from owned or controlled sources;  Performance Data
	iii. exclude GHG removals, GHG trades, and Calculation Standards
	avoided emissions;
	iv. use the global warming potential (GWP) values based on a 100-year timeframe from
	the latest IPCC assessment report;
	the deest if GC desessment report,

	<ul> <li>b. provide a breakdown of gross Scope 1 GHG emissions by CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, HFCs, PFCs, SF<sub>6</sub>, and</li> </ul>	
	NF <sub>3</sub> , in metric tons and metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub>	
	equivalent;	
	<ul> <li>report biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the combustion or biodegradation of biomass from</li> </ul>	
	owned or controlled sources in metric tons, separately	
	from gross Scope 1 GHG emissions;	
	d. report the base year for the calculation, including:	
	i. the rationale for choosing it;	
	ii. base year emissions in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub>	
	equivalent separately for gross Scope 1 GHG	
	emissions and biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions; iii. the context for any significant changes in	
	emissions that triggered recalculations of	
	base year emissions;	
	iv. the previously reported base year emissions, if	
	base year emissions are recalculated;	
	<ul> <li>e. report the consolidation approach for Scope 1</li> <li>GHG emissions that is consistently applied across</li> </ul>	
	Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 GHG emissions,	
	whether equity share, financial control, or	
	operational control;	
	f. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used, including the source of	
	the emission factors used.	
	Scope 2 GHG emissions	
	a. report gross location-based and, if applicable,	
	market-based Scope 2 GHG emissions in metric	
	tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent, and in the calculation:	
	<ul> <li>i. include emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and N<sub>2</sub>O;</li> <li>ii. include biogenic non-CO<sub>2</sub> GHG emissions</li> </ul>	
	from electricity use;	
	iii. exclude GHG removals, GHG trades, and	
	avoided emissions;	
	<ul> <li>iv. use the global warming potential (GWP)</li> <li>values based on a 100-year timeframe from</li> </ul>	
	the latest IPCC assessment report;	
	b. provide a breakdown of gross location-based	◆ Global Warming
400 (	Scope 2 GHG emissions by $CO_2$ , $CH_4$ , and $N_2O$ in	<u>Prevention</u>
102-6	metric tons and metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent;	• Environmental
	c. report location-based and, if applicable, market- based biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from electricity	Performance Data
	use in metric tons, separately from gross Scope 2	<u>Calculation Standards</u>
	GHG emissions;	
	d. report the base year for the calculation, including:	
	<ul><li>i. the rationale for choosing it;</li><li>ii. base year emissions in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub></li></ul>	
	equivalent separately for gross Scope 2	
	iii. GHG emissions and biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions;	
	the context for any significant changes in	
	emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions;	
	iv. the previously reported base year emissions, if	
	base year emissions are recalculated;	

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	<ul> <li>e. report the consolidation approach for Scope 2 GHG emissions that is consistently applied across Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 GHG emissions, whether equity share, financial control, or operational control;</li> <li>f. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used, including the source of the emission factors used.</li> </ul>	
102-7	<ul> <li>Scope 3 GHG emissions</li> <li>a. report gross Scope 3 GHG emissions in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent, and in the calculation: <ol> <li>i. include GHG emissions for each Scope 3 category;</li> <li>ii. include emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, HFCs, PFCs, SF<sub>6</sub>, and NF<sub>3</sub>;</li> <li>iii. include biogenic non-CO<sub>2</sub> GHG emissions from the combustion or biodegradation of biomass in the upstream and downstream value chain;</li> <li>iv. exclude GHG removals, GHG trades, and avoided emissions;</li> <li>v. use the global warming potential (GWP) values based on a 100-year timeframe from the latest IPCC assessment report;</li> <li>b. provide a breakdown of gross Scope 3 GHG emissions by each of the 15 Scope 3 categories in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent;</li> <li>c. report biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the combustion or biodegradation of biomass in the upstream and downstream value chain in metric tons, separately from gross Scope 3 GHG emissions, and a breakdown of this total by each of the 15 Scope 3 categories;</li> <li>d. report the base year for the calculation, including: <ol> <li>i. the rationale for choosing it;</li> <li>ii. base year emissions in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent separately for gross Scope 3 GHG emissions and biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions;</li> <li>iii. the context for any significant changes in emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions;</li> <li>iv. the previously reported base year emissions, if base year emissions are recalculated;</li> <li>e. report the consolidation approach for Scope 3 GHG emissions that is consistently applied across Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 GHG emissions, whether equity share, financial control, or operational control;</li> <li>f. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used, including the sources of the emission factors used.</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>◆ Global Warming         Prevention     </li> <li>◆ Environmental         Performance Data         Calculation Standards     </li> </ul>

102-8	<ul> <li>GHG emissions intensity</li> <li>a. report GHG emissions intensity ratio(s), including the gross GHG emissions in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent (the numerator) and the organization-specific metric (the denominator) chosen to calculate the ratio(s);</li> <li>b. report the scope(s) of GHG emissions included in the intensity ratio(s), whether Scope1, Scope 2, or Scope 3.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reducing Greenhouse         Gas (GHG) Emissions at         Our Business Sites</li> <li>Global Warming         Prevention</li> <li>Environmental         Performance Data         Calculation Standards</li> </ul>
102-9	<ul> <li>GHG removals in the value chain</li> <li>a. report the total Scope 1 GHG removals in metric tons of CO₂ equivalent, excluding any GHG trades, and a breakdown of this total by each storage pool;</li> <li>b. for each type of storage pool, describe how quality criteria are monitored to manage the risk of non-permanence;</li> <li>c. report the intended use of GHG removals;</li> <li>d. describe the impacts on people and the environment from its Scope 1 GHG removals and the actions taken to manage them, including for: <ol> <li>i. workers, local communities, and Indigenous Peoples;</li> <li>ii. biodiversity;</li> <li>d. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reducing Greenhouse         Gas (GHG) Emissions at         Our Business Sites</li> <li>Global Warming         Prevention</li> <li>Environmental         Performance Data         Calculation Standards</li> </ul>
102-10	Carbon credits  a. report the total amount of carbon credits canceled in metric tons of CO2 equivalent and a breakdown of this total by removal or reduction projects;  b. for each project where carbon credits have been canceled, report:  i. project name and ID;  ii. project type;  iii. cancelation serial number, cancellation date, and vintage;  iv. host country and issuing registry;  c. for each carbon credit project reported under 102-10-b, describe how the project adheres to each of the following quality criteria:  i. additionality;  ii. credible baselines;  iii. permanence;  iv. leakage avoidance;  v. unique issuance and claiming;  vi. regular monitoring;  vii. independent validation and verification;  viii. GHG program governance;  d. report the purpose of carbon credit cancelation;	-

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	<ul> <li>e. report whether contractual instruments are used to disclose information on purchased electricity, heating, cooling, and steam consumption, and if so, describe how the contractual instruments adhere to quality criteria to ensure accuracy and consistency;</li> <li>f. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used, including the source of the conversion factors used.</li> </ul>	
103-3	<ul> <li>Upstream and downstream energy consumption</li> <li>a. report total significant energy consumption in its upstream and downstream value chain in joules, watt-hours, or multiples, and list the upstream and downstream categories in which significant energy consumption occurs;</li> <li>b. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used, including the source of the conversion factors used.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Material Balance</li> <li>Environmental         Performance Data         Calculation Standards     </li> </ul>
103-4	<ul> <li>Energy intensity</li> <li>a. report energy intensity ratio(s), including the energy consumption in joules, watt-hours, or multiples (the numerator) and the organization-specific metric (the denominator) chosen to calculate the ratio(s);</li> <li>b. report whether the energy intensity ratio(s) include energy consumption within the organization, in its upstream and downstream value chain, or both;</li> <li>c. report the types of energy consumption included in the energy intensity ratio(s), whether fuel, electricity, heating, cooling, or steam.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reducing Greenhouse         Gas (GHG) Emissions at         Our Business Sites</li> <li>Material Balance</li> <li>Environmental         Performance Data         Calculation Standards</li> </ul>
103-5	Reduction in energy consumption  a. report the reduction in energy consumption achieved in joules, watt-hours, or multiples, including whether and how it is due to:  i. reductions from the organization's conservation and efficiency initiatives;  ii. other factors;  b. report the types of energy consumption included in the reduction, whether fuel, electricity, heating, cooling, or steam;  c. report whether the reduction in energy consumption was achieved within the organization, in its upstream and downstream value chain, or both, and list the upstream and downstream categories in which reduction was achieved;  d. report whether the reduction in energy consumption is estimated, modeled, or sourced from direct measurements and, if applicable, the estimations or modeling methods used;  e. report the base year or baseline for calculating the reduction in energy consumption, including:  i. the rationale for choosing it;	<ul> <li>◆ Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> <ul> <li>Emissions by Reducing</li> <li>Power Consumption</li> <li>When Using Products</li> </ul> </li> <li>◆ Environmental         <ul> <li>Performance Data</li> <li>Calculation Standards</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<u></u>					
	<li>ii. energy consumption in the base year or baseline;</li>					
	f. report standards, methodologies, assumptions, and calculation tools used.					
GRI 201	GRI 201 : Economic Performance					
201-1	Direct economic value generated and distributed. —		_			
201-3	Coverage of the organization's defined benefit plan obligations.	[Reference] Integrated Report Financial Section				
201-4	Financial assistance received from government.					
GRI 202	Market Presence					
202-1	Ratios of standard entry level wage by gender compared to local minimum wage at significant locations of operation.	npared to local minimum wage at significant — — —				
202-2	Proportion of senior management hired from the local community at significant locations of operation.	_	_			
GRI 203	Indirect Economic Impacts					
203-1	Development and impact of infrastructure investments and services supported.	<ul> <li>SDG-related Activities in Fujitsu</li> <li>Community</li> </ul>	8, 9			
203-2	Significant indirect economic impacts, including the extent of impacts.	_	_			
GRI 204	Procurement Practices					
204-1	Proportion of spending on local suppliers at significant locations of operation.	_	_			
GRI 205	Anti-corruption					
205-1	Total number and percentage of operations assessed for risks related to corruption and the significant risks identified.	_	10			
205-2	Communication and training on anti-corruption policies and procedures.	<ul><li>Transforming Our</li><li>Corporate Culture</li><li>Compliance</li></ul>	10			
205-3	Total number and nature of confirmed cases of corruption and measures taken.	◆ <u>Compliance</u>	_			
GRI 206 : Anti-competitive Behavior						
206-1	Total number of legal actions for anti-competitive behavior, anti-trust, and monopoly practices and their outcomes.	_	_			
GRI 207 : Tax						
207-1	Approach to tax	◆ <u>Compliance</u>	_			
207-2	Tax governance, control, and risk management	◆ <u>Compliance</u>	_			
207-3	Stakeholder engagement and management of concerns related to tax	◆ <u>Compliance</u>	_			
207-4	Country-by-country reporting	◆ <u>Compliance</u>	_			

GRI 301 : Materials				
301-1	Materials used by weight or volume   ◆ Material Balance		_	
301-2	Recycled input materials used	◆ <u>Material Balance</u>	_	
301-3	eclaimed products and their packaging materials	◆ <u>Material Balance</u>	_	
GRI 303 :	Water and Efflurnts			
303-1	Interactions with water as a shared resource	<ul> <li>Material Balance</li> <li>Reducing the Amount of Water Used</li> </ul>	_	
303-2	Management of water discharge-related impacts	_	_	
303-3	Water withdrawal	<ul> <li>Material Balance</li> <li>Reducing the Amount of Water Used</li> </ul>	_	
303-4	Water discharge	_	_	
303-5	Water consumption	◆ Material Balance	_	
GRI 306 :	Effluents and Waste	,		
306-1	Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts	◆ <u>Material Balance</u>	_	
306-2	Management of significant waste-related impacts	<ul><li>Waste</li><li>Material Balance</li></ul>	_	
306-3	Waste generated	◆ <u>Waste</u>	_	
306-4	Waste diverted from disposal	◆ <u>Waste</u>	_	
306-5	Waste directed to disposal	◆ <u>Waste</u>	_	
GRI 307 :	Environmental Compliance	,		
307-1	Non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations	<ul> <li>◆ Response to         <ul> <li>Environmental Risks</li> </ul> </li> <li>◆ Environmental         <ul> <li>Management System</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	_	
GRI 308 : Supplier Environmental Assessment				
308-1	New suppliers that were screened using environmental criteria			
308-2	Negative environmental impacts in the supply chain and actions taken	<ul> <li>Activities to Reduce         CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions in the         Upstream Portion of the         Supply Chain</li> <li>Activities to Conserve         Water Resources in the         Upstream Portion of the         Supply Chain</li> </ul>	_	

GRI 401 : Employment			
401-1	New employee hires and employee turnover	<ul> <li>Social and Governance         <ul> <li>Data</li> </ul> </li> <li>Social Well-being</li> </ul>	_
401-2	Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees	◆ Financial Well-being	_
401-3	Parental leave.	◆ Social and Governance  Data	6
GRI 402 :	Labor/Management Relations		
402-1	Minimum notice periods regarding operational changes	_	_
GRI 403 :	Occupational Health and Safety		
403-1	Occupational health and safety management system	◆ Occupational Health and Safety	1
403-2	Hazard identification, risk assessment, and incident investigation	◆ Social and Governance  Data	_
403-3	Occupational health services	<ul> <li>Occupational Health         <ul> <li>and Safety</li> </ul> </li> <li>Risk Management</li> </ul>	1
403-4	Worker participation, consultation, and communication on occupational health and safety	Occupational Health     and Safety	_
403-5	Worker training on occupational health and safety	Occupational Health     and Safety	_
403-6	Promotion of worker health	◆ <u>Health Well-being</u>	_
403-7	Prevention and mitigation of occupational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships		_
403-8	Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system		_
403-9	Work-related injuries	<ul> <li>Occupational Health         <ul> <li>and Safety</li> </ul> </li> <li>Health Well-being</li> <li>Social and Governance         <ul> <li>Data</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	_
403-10	Work-related ill health	<ul> <li>Occupational Health         <ul> <li>and Safety</li> </ul> </li> <li>Health Well-being</li> <li>Social and Governance         <ul> <li>Data</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	-
GRI 404 : Training and Education			
404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee	◆ Career & Growth Well- being	_
404-2	Programs for upgrading employee skills and transition assistance programs	Career & Growth Well- being	6

		T			
404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews	_	ı		
GRI 405 :	GRI 405 : Diversity and Equal Opportunity				
405-1	Diversity of governance bodies and employee.	Social and Governance     Data	1, 6		
405-2	Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men	Social and Governance     Data	_		
GRI 406 :	Non-discrimination				
406-1	Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken	_	_		
GRI 407 :	Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining				
407-1	Operations and suppliers in which the freedom of association and collective bargaining may be at risk	◆ Supply Chain ◆ Compliance	_		
GRI 408 :	Child Labor				
408-1	Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of child labor	<ul><li>◆ Supply Chain</li><li>◆ Compliance</li></ul>	_		
GRI 409 :	Forced or Compulsory Labor				
409-1	Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labor	◆ Supply Chain ◆ Compliance	_		
GRI 410 :	Security Practices	<u>Semplianes</u>			
410-1	Security personnel trained in human rights policies or procedures	_	_		
GRI 411 : Rights of Indigenous Peoples					
411-1	Incidents of violations involving rights of indigenous peoples	_	_		
GRI 412 :	Human Rights Assessment				
412-1	Operations that have been subject to human rights reviews or impact assessments	◆ Human Rights	_		
412-2	Employee training on human rights policies or procedures	<ul> <li>Transforming Our         Corporate Culture     </li> <li>Human Rights</li> </ul>	1		
412-3	Significant investment agreements and contracts that include human rights clauses or that underwent human rights screening	_	_		
GRI 413 : Local Communities					
413-1	Operations with local community engagement, impact assessments, and development programs	_	8		
413-2	Operations with significant actual and potential negative impacts on local communities	_	7, 8		
GRI 414 : Supplier Social Assessment					
414-1	New suppliers that were screened using social criteria	◆ Supply Chain	_		
414-2	Negative social impacts in the supply chain and actions taken	_	_		

GRI 415 : Public Policy				
415-1	Political contributions	◆ Social and Governance  Data	_	
GRI 416 :	Customer Health and Safety			
416-1	Assessment of the health and safety impacts of product and service categories.	<ul><li>◆ Quality Initiatives</li><li>◆ Supply Chain</li></ul>	9	
416-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning product and service information and labeling	◆ Quality Initiatives	_	
GRI 417 :	GRI 417 : Marketing and Labeling			
417-1	Requirements for product and service information and labeling	_	_	
417-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning product and service information and labeling	◆ Quality Initiatives	_	
417-3	Incidents of non-compliance concerning marketing communications	◆ Working With Our Customers	_	
GRI 418 :	GRI 418 : Customer Privacy			
418-1	Substantiated complaints concerning breeches of customer privacy and losses of customer data	◆ Information Security	_	
GRI 419 : Socioeconomic Compliance				
419-1	Non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic area	◆ Compliance	_	

# **SASB Standards Comparison Table**

### **Sustainability Disclosure Topics and Accounting Metrics**

Торіс	Code	Accounting Metric	Reference	
Enviro	Environmental Footprint of Hardware Infrastructure			
	TC-SI- 130 a.1	<ul><li>(1) Total energy consumed, (2) Percentage grid electricity,</li><li>(3) Percentage renewable</li></ul>	<ul><li><u>Material Balance</u></li><li><u>Global Warming Prevention</u></li></ul>	
	TC-SI- 130 a.2	(1) Total water withdrawn, (2) Total water consumed, percentage of each in regions with High or Extremely High Baseline Water Stress	<ul><li>Material Balance</li><li>Water</li></ul>	
	TC-SI- 130 a.3	Discussion of the integration of environmental considerations into strategic planning for data center needs	<ul> <li>Climate Change</li> <li>Improve Power Usage</li> <li>Effectiveness (PUE) at</li> <li>Our Data Centers</li> </ul>	
Data P	rivacy & Fr	reedom of Expression		
	TC-SI- 220 a.1	Description of policies and practices relating to behavioral advertising and user privacy	<ul><li> Privacy Policy</li><li> Information Security</li></ul>	
	TC-SI- 220 a.2	Number of users whose information is used for secondary purposes	_	
	TC-SI- 220 a.3	Total amount of monetary losses as a result of legal proceedings associated with user privacy	_	
	TC-SI- 220 a.4	<ol> <li>(1) Number of law enforcement requests for user information,</li> <li>(2) Number of users whose information was requested,</li> <li>(3) Percentage resulting in disclosure</li> </ol>	Information Security	
	TC-SI- 220 a.5	List of countries where core products or services are subject to government-required monitoring, blocking, content filtering, or censoring	_	

Data S	Data Security			
	TC-SI- 230 a.1	(1) Number of data breaches, (2) Percentage involving personally identifiable information (PII), (3) Number of users affected	Update Regarding     Unauthorized Access to     Project Information Sharing     Tool	
	TC-SI- 230 a.2	Description of approach to identifying and addressing data security risks, including use of third-party cybersecurity standards	Information Security     Fujitsu Group Information     Security Report	
Recruit	ing & Man	aging a Global, Diverse & Skilled Workforce		
	TC-SI- 330 a.1	Percentage of employees that are (1) foreign nationals and (2) located offshore	Social and Governance Data	
	TC-SI- 330 a.2	Employee engagement as a percentage	<ul> <li>Non-Financial Indicators</li> <li>Social and Governance</li> <li>Data</li> </ul>	
	TC-SI- 330 a.3	Percentage of gender and racial/ethnic group representation for (1) management, (2) technical staff, and (3) all other employees	Social and Governance Data	
Intelle	ctual Prope	erty Protection & Competitive Behavior		
	TC-SI- 520 a.1	Total amount of monetary losses as a result of legal proceedings associated with anticompetitive behavior regulations	_	
Manag	Managing System Risks from Technology Disruption			
	TC-SI- 550 a.1	Number of (1) performance issues and (2) service disruptions; (3) total customer downtime	_	
	TC-SI- 550 a.2	Description of business continuity risks related to disruptions of operations	Risk Management	

# **Activity Metrics**

Activity Metric	Reference
(1) Number of licenses or subscriptions, (2) Percentage cloud based	_
(1) Data processing capacity, (2) Percentage outsourced	_
(1) Amount of data storage, (2) Percentage outsourced	_